



Brink's Reports Second-Quarter Results, Reaffirms 2015 EPS Guidance

July 30, 2015

Non-GAAP EPS \$.27 vs \$.16

GAAP EPS Loss \$(.26) vs \$.02

Non-GAAP Profit Growth Driven by Global Cost Reductions, Latin America Results

RICHMOND, Va., July 30, 2015 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) -- The Brink's Company (NYSE:BCO), a global leader in security-related services, today reported second-quarter earnings.

Second-Quarter Highlights

- **GAAP:** Revenue down 11% on currency translation (6% organic growth); operating margin (1.9)%
 - GAAP operating loss due primarily to Venezuela non-cash impairment charge of \$35 million
- **Non-GAAP:** Revenue down 11% on currency translation (3% organic growth); operating margin 4.1%
 - Largest 5 Markets (U.S., France, Mexico, Brazil, Canada): Profits up 25% due to improvement in Mexico, France, U.S.; lower profits in Brazil
 - Global Markets (Latin America, EMEA, Asia): Profits up 20% due mainly to growth in Argentina
 - Negative currency translation reduced revenue by \$118 million, operating profit by \$6 million and earnings by \$.07 per share

Tom Schievelbein, chairman, president and chief executive officer, said: "Despite persistent currency headwinds, second-quarter non-GAAP earnings came in well above year-ago results. The reorganization and restructuring activities that we began executing late in 2014 were a major contributor, and we remain on track to deliver \$45 million to \$50 million of year-over-year cost savings related to these activities. Our full-year EPS outlook has not changed. We expect 2015 non-GAAP earnings to be in a range between \$1.55 and \$1.75 per share. Based on continued currency pressure and year-to-date organic growth of 3%, our full-year revenue outlook has been reduced from \$3.1 billion to approximately \$3.0 billion."

Summary of Second-Quarter and First Half Results^(a)

(In millions, except for per share amounts)	Second Quarter			First Half		
	2015	2014	% Change	2015	2014	% Change
GAAP						
Revenues	\$ 760	859	(11)	\$ 1,536	1,809	(15)
Operating profit (loss)	(15)	9	unfav	(2)	(65)	(97)
Income (loss) from continuing operations ^(b)	(13)	1	unfav	(14)	(58)	(77)
Diluted EPS from continuing operations ^(b)	(0.26)	0.02	unfav	(0.28)	(1.19)	(76)
Non-GAAP						
Non-GAAP revenues	\$ 748	837	(11)	\$ 1,504	1,655	(9)
Non-GAAP operating profit	31	24	28	71	45	59
Non-GAAP income from continuing operations ^(b)	14	8	67	34	15	fav
Non-GAAP diluted EPS from continuing operations ^(b)	0.27	0.16	69	0.68	0.31	fav

Summary Reconciliation of Second Quarter GAAP to Non-GAAP EPS^(a)

	Second Quarter		First Half	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
GAAP EPS	\$(0.26)	\$0.02	\$(0.28)	\$(1.19)
FX devaluation in Venezuela	0.10	0.12	0.35	1.66

Venezuela operations ^(c)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.05)	(0.40)
Venezuela impairment ^(d)	0.42	—	0.42	—
2014 Reorganization and Restructuring costs ^(e)	(0.02)	—	—	—
Mexican settlement losses	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.03
U.S. retirement plans	0.08	0.05	0.17	0.12
Acquisitions and dispositions	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.05)
Share-based compensation adjustment	—	0.07	—	0.07
Income tax rate adjustment ^(f)	(0.04)	(0.06)	0.02	0.07
Non-GAAP EPS	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.31

Amounts may not add due to rounding.

(a) Non-GAAP results are reconciled to the applicable GAAP results on page 14-15.

(b) Amounts reported are attributable to shareholders of The Brink's Company and exclude earnings related to noncontrolling interests.

(c) Given the inability to repatriate cash, hyperinflation, fixed exchange rate policy, continued currency devaluations, and the difficulty raising prices and controlling costs, beginning in the first quarter 2015, our non-GAAP results exclude Venezuela operations. Management believes excluding Venezuela enables investors to more effectively evaluate the company's performance between periods.

(d) In the second quarter of 2015, Brink's elected to evaluate and pursue strategic options for the Venezuela business. As a result, we performed an impairment analysis and wrote down the book value of Venezuela property, plant and equipment to our best estimate of current fair value.

(e) Brink's reorganized and restructured its business in December 2014 and recognized severance costs of \$21.8 million associated with these actions in 2014. Additional charges of \$0.3 million were recognized in the first half of 2015. See page 12 for more details.

(f) The effective income tax rate in the interim period is adjusted to be equal to the estimated full-year non-GAAP effective income tax rate. The full-year non-GAAP effective tax rate is estimated to be 42.0% for 2015 and was 45.7% for 2014.

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries
(In millions) (Unaudited)

Second-Quarter 2015 vs. 2014

	2Q'14	Organic	Acquisitions /	Currency	2Q'15	% Change	
		Change	Dispositions (a)	(b)		Total	Organic
Revenues:							
U.S.	\$ 180	4	—	—	184	2	2
France	133	—	—	(26)	107	(19)	—
Mexico	98	2	—	(15)	85	(13)	2
Brazil	92	2	—	(26)	68	(26)	3
Canada	45	(1)	—	(5)	40	(13)	(1)
Largest 5 Markets	548	8	—	(72)	484	(12)	1
Latin America	93	13	—	(15)	91	(2)	14
EMEA	138	(4)	—	(22)	112	(18)	(3)
Asia	34	4	3	(3)	39	14	13
Global Markets	265	13	3	(39)	242	(9)	5
Payment Services	24	6	—	(7)	22	(7)	23
Revenues - non-GAAP	837	27	3	(118)	748	(11)	3
Other items not allocated to segments ^(d)	22	26	—	(36)	12	(45)	fav
Revenues - GAAP	\$ 859	53	3	(154)	760	(11)	6

Operating profit:								
U.S.	\$	6	1	—	—	6	8	8
France		5	3	—	(2)	7	37	69
Mexico		(1)	6	—	(1)	5	fav	fav
Brazil		5	(3)	—	(1)	2	(61)	(46)
Canada		2	—	—	—	2	—	13
Largest 5 Markets		18	8	—	(4)	22	25	45
Latin America		11	10	—	(2)	19	68	86
EMEA		12	(2)	—	(1)	9	(24)	(16)
Asia		5	1	1	—	6	16	10
Global Markets		29	8	1	(3)	34	20	29
Payment Services		(1)	(2)	—	—	(4)	unfav	unfav
Corporate items ^(c)		(21)	(2)	—	1	(22)	5	11
Operating profit - non-GAAP		24	12	1	(6)	31	28	50
Other items not allocated to segments ^(d)		(15)	(32)	(1)	3	(45)	unfav	unfav
Operating profit (loss) - GAAP	\$	9	(20)	—	(3)	(15)	unfav	unfav

Amounts may not add due to rounding.

(a) Includes operating results and gains/losses on acquisitions, sales and exits of businesses. The 2014 divestiture of an equity interest in a business in Peru is included in "Other items not allocated to segments".

(b) The "Currency" amount is the sum of the "monthly currency changes" adjusted for any additional expense recorded under highly inflationary accounting rules. The "monthly currency change" is equal to the Revenues or Operating Profit for the month in local currency, on a country-by-country basis, multiplied by the difference in rates used to translate the current period amounts to U.S. dollars versus the translation rates used in the year-ago month. Venezuela is translated to the U.S. dollar under highly inflationary accounting rules. Net monetary assets in local currency are remeasured to U.S. dollars using current exchange rates with losses recognized in earnings. Nonmonetary assets under these rules are not remeasured to a lower basis in U.S. dollars when the currency devalues. Instead, these assets retain their higher U.S. dollar historical bases and the excess basis is recognized in earnings as each asset is consumed. Both of these effects are included in "Currency" in the "Other items not allocated to segments" line to reconcile to the GAAP amounts.

(c) Corporate expenses are not allocated to segment results. Corporate expenses include salaries and other costs to manage the global business and to perform activities required by public companies.

(d) See pages 12 and 13 for more information.

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries

(In millions) (Unaudited)

First Half 2015 vs. 2014

	YTD '14	Organic	Acquisitions /	Currency	YTD '15	% Change	
		Change	Dispositions (a)	(b)		Total	Organic
Revenues:							
U.S.	\$ 356	12	—	—	368	3	3
France	262	—	—	(49)	213	(19)	—
Mexico	198	(1)	—	(26)	171	(14)	(1)
Brazil	178	6	—	(42)	142	(20)	3
Canada	90	(1)	—	(10)	78	(13)	(1)
Largest 5 Markets	1,084	15	—	(127)	972	(10)	1

Latin America	184	27	—	(29)	182	(1)	15
EMEA	274	(4)	—	(42)	228	(17)	(1)
Asia	67	9	6	(4)	77	15	13
Global Markets	525	32	6	(76)	487	(7)	6
Payment Services	46	10	—	(12)	45	(2)	23
Revenues - non-GAAP	1,655	57	6	(214)	1,504	(9)	3
Other items not allocated to segments ^(d)	154	148	—	(269)	33	(79)	96
Revenues - GAAP	\$ 1,809	206	6	(483)	1,536	(15)	11
Operating profit:							
U.S.	\$ 7	8	—	—	15	fav	fav
France	12	2	—	(3)	11	(6)	17
Mexico	3	12	—	(2)	12	fav	fav
Brazil	15	(5)	—	(2)	8	(46)	(31)
Canada	5	—	—	(1)	4	(13)	(2)
Largest 5 Markets	41	16	—	(7)	50	22	39
Latin America	22	18	—	(3)	36	66	81
EMEA	21	(3)	—	(1)	17	(18)	(12)
Asia	10	2	1	(1)	12	20	18
Global Markets	53	17	1	(5)	65	23	32
Payment Services	(1)	(2)	—	(1)	(3)	unfav	unfav
Corporate items ^(c)	(49)	12	—	(4)	(41)	(16)	(24)
Operating profit - non-GAAP	45	43	1	(17)	71	59	95
Other items not allocated to segments ^(d)	(110)	(59)	(2)	98	(73)	(34)	54
Operating profit (loss) - GAAP	\$ (65)	(17)	(1)	82	(2)	(97)	26

Amounts may not add due to rounding.

See page 3 for footnote explanations.

Corporate Expenses

Second quarter corporate expenses totaled \$22 million, up slightly over last year. Corporate expenses include former non-segment and regional management costs, currency transaction gains and losses, and costs related to global initiatives.

Capital Expenditures and Capital Leases

Through June 30, capital expenditures and capital lease additions were \$41 million compared to \$58 million in 2014. Full-year 2015 expenditures are expected to total \$140 million to \$150 million.

Venezuela Impairment Charge

During the second quarter, the company wrote down the book value of Venezuela property, plant and equipment to \$4 million (management's current valuation estimate), resulting in a second-quarter pretax charge of \$35 million (\$.42 per share after taxes). This charge was not allocated to segment results and is excluded from non-GAAP results. The company previously recorded reductions in equity of \$112 million due to cumulative Venezuela currency devaluations that, under certain circumstances, would result in a non-cash charge to GAAP earnings.

Income Taxes

On a GAAP basis, the second-quarter tax expense was \$8 million (effective rate of negative 40%) versus \$4 million (effective rate of 121%) in 2014. The tax rate in 2015 was affected by the large non-deductible Venezuela impairment charge recorded in the second quarter. As a result of the non-deductible Venezuela impairment and remeasurement charges, the full-year GAAP effective tax rate is expected to be in excess of 100%. Non-GAAP earnings for the second quarter reflect an effective tax rate of 42%, which is the full-year estimated non-GAAP effective tax rate.

Investor Day

Brink's plans to host an Investor Day meeting on October 6 in New York City. Additional details, including webcast information, will be provided in early September.

Conference Call

Brink's will host a conference call on July 30 at 11:00 a.m. Eastern Time to review second-quarter results. Interested parties can listen by calling

888-349-0094 (in the U.S.) or 412-902-0124 (international) Participants should call in at least five minutes prior to the start of the call. Participants can pre-register at <http://dpre register.com/10068957> to receive a direct dial-in number for the call. The call also will be accessible via live webcast at www.Brinks.com. A replay of the call will be available through August 31, 2015, at 877-344-7529 (in the U.S.) or (412) 317-0088 (international). The conference number is 10068957. A webcast replay will also be available at www.Brinks.com.

About The Brink's Company

The Brink's Company (NYSE:BCO) is the world's premier provider of secure transportation and cash management services. For more information, please visit The Brink's Company website at www.Brinks.com or call 804-289-9709.

Forward-Looking Statements

This release contains forward-looking information. Words such as "anticipate," "assume," "estimate," "expect," "target," "project," "predict," "intend," "plan," "believe," "potential," "may," "should" and similar expressions may identify forward-looking information. Forward-looking information in this report includes, but is not limited to: 2015 non-GAAP outlook, including revenues, operating profit, margin rate, earnings per share, capital expenditures and tax rate, and possible future charges to GAAP earnings. Forward-looking information in this document is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and contingencies, which are difficult to predict or quantify, and which could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those that are anticipated. These risks, uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control, include, but are not limited to:

- our ability to improve profitability in our largest five markets;
- our ability to identify and execute further cost and operational improvements and efficiencies in our core businesses;
- continuing market volatility and commodity price fluctuations and their impact on the demand for our services;
- our ability to maintain or improve volumes at favorable pricing levels and increase cost and productivity efficiencies, particularly in the United States and Mexico;
- investments in information technology and adjacent businesses and their impact on revenue and profit growth;
- our ability to develop and implement solutions for our customers and gain market acceptance of those solutions;
- our ability to maintain an effective IT infrastructure and safeguard confidential information;
- risks customarily associated with operating in foreign countries including changing labor and economic conditions, currency restrictions and devaluations, safety and security issues, political instability, restrictions on repatriation of earnings and capital, nationalization, expropriation and other forms of restrictive government actions;
- the strength of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies and foreign currency exchange rates;
- the stability of the Venezuelan economy, changes in Venezuelan policy regarding foreign-owned businesses;
- regulatory and labor issues in many of our global operations, including negotiations with organized labor and the possibility of work stoppages;
- our ability to integrate successfully recently acquired companies and improve their operating profit margins;
- costs related to dispositions and market exits;
- our ability to identify evaluate and pursue acquisitions and other strategic opportunities, including those in the home security industry and emerging markets;
- the willingness of our customers to absorb fuel surcharges and other future price increases;
- our ability to obtain necessary information technology and other services at favorable pricing levels from third party service providers;
- variations in costs or expenses and performance delays of any public or private sector supplier, service provider or customer;
- our ability to obtain appropriate insurance coverage, positions taken by insurers with respect to claims made and the financial condition of insurers, safety and security performance, our loss experience, and changes in insurance costs;
- security threats worldwide and losses of customer valuables;
- costs associated with the purchase and implementation of cash processing and security equipment;
- employee and environmental liabilities in connection with our former coal operations, including black lung claims incidence;
- the impact of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act on UMWA and black lung liability and the Company's ongoing operations;
- changes to estimated liabilities and assets in actuarial assumptions due to payments made, investment returns, interest rates and annual actuarial revaluations, the funding requirements, accounting treatment, investment performance and costs and expenses of our pension plans, the VEBA and other employee benefits, mandatory or voluntary pension plan contributions;
- the nature of our hedging relationships;
- changes in estimates and assumptions underlying our critical accounting policies;
- our ability to realize deferred tax assets;
- the outcome of pending and future claims, litigation, and administrative proceedings;
- public perception of the Company's business and reputation;
- access to the capital and credit markets;
- seasonality, pricing and other competitive industry factors; and
- the promulgation and adoption of new accounting standards and interpretations, new government regulations and interpretation of existing regulations.

This list of risks, uncertainties and contingencies is not intended to be exhaustive. Additional factors that could cause our results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements can be found under "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2014, and in our other public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The forward-looking information included in this document is representative only as of the date of this document and The Brink's Company undertakes no obligation to update any information contained in this document.

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries

Outlook Summary (Unaudited)

(In millions except as noted)

	2014	2014	2015	
	GAAP	Non-GAAP ^(a)	Non-GAAP	% Change
			Outlook ^(c)	
Revenues ^(a)	\$ 3,562	3,351	~3,000	
Operating profit (loss) ^(a)	(28)	124	165 – 180	
Nonoperating expense	(22)	(22)	(19)	
Provision for income taxes ^(a)	(37)	(47)	(61) – (68)	
Noncontrolling interests ^(a)	31	(6)	(8)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations ^{(a)(b)}	(55)	49	77 – 86	
EPS from continuing operations ^{(a)(b)}	\$ (1.12)	1.01	1.55 – 1.75	

Key Metrics

Revenues Change

Organic			75	2%
Currency			(425)	(13)%
Total			(350)	(11)%

Operating profit margin (0.8)% 3.7% 5.5% – 6.0%

Effective income tax rate^(a) (74.9)% 45.7% 42.0%

Fixed assets acquired^(d)

Capital expenditures	\$ 136		120 – 130
Capital leases ^(e)	12		20
Total	\$ 148		140 – 150

Depreciation and amortization^(d) \$ 162 145

Amounts may not add due to rounding

(a) See pages 14 and 15 for reconciliation to GAAP.

(b) Attributable to Brink's.

(c) The consolidated 2015 non-GAAP outlook is not reconciled to GAAP because we are unable to quantify certain amounts that would be required to be included in the GAAP measure without unreasonable effort.

(d) Fixed assets acquired and depreciation and amortization are on a GAAP basis.

(e) Includes capital leases for newly acquired assets only.

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) (Unaudited)

(In millions, except for per share amounts)

Second Quarter		First Half	
2015	2014	2015	2014

Revenues	\$ 760.3	859.0	\$ 1,536.4	1,808.6
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of revenues	620.9	718.9	1,250.0	1,478.6
Selling, general and administrative expenses	120.0	130.8	232.3	271.3
Total costs and expenses	740.9	849.7	1,482.3	1,749.9
Other operating expense	(34.0)	(0.6)	(55.8)	(123.7)
Operating profit (loss)	(14.6)	8.7	(1.7)	(65.0)
Interest expense	(4.7)	(5.9)	(9.6)	(11.7)
Interest and other income (expense)	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.6
Income (loss) from continuing operations before tax	(18.9)	3.4	(10.5)	(76.1)
Provision for income taxes	7.6	4.1	23.1	12.8
Loss from continuing operations	(26.5)	(0.7)	(33.6)	(88.9)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	0.1	0.7	(2.3)	1.2
Net loss	(26.4)	—	(35.9)	(87.7)
Less net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(13.5)	(1.6)	(20.0)	(30.8)
Net income (loss) attributable to Brink's	\$ (12.9)	1.6	\$ (15.9)	(56.9)
Amounts attributable to Brink's:				
Continuing operations	(13.0)	0.9	(13.6)	(58.1)
Discontinued operations	0.1	0.7	(2.3)	1.2
Net income (loss) attributable to Brink's	\$ (12.9)	1.6	\$ (15.9)	(56.9)
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Brink's common shareholders(a):				
Basic:				
Continuing operations	\$ (0.26)	0.02	\$ (0.28)	(1.19)
Discontinued operations	—	0.01	(0.05)	0.02
Net income (loss)	\$ (0.26)	0.03	\$ (0.32)	(1.16)
Diluted:				
Continuing operations	\$ (0.26)	0.02	\$ (0.28)	(1.19)
Discontinued operations	—	0.01	(0.05)	0.02
Net income (loss)	\$ (0.26)	0.03	\$ (0.32)	(1.16)
Weighted-average shares				
Basic	49.3	49.0	49.2	49.0
Diluted	49.3	49.4	49.2	49.0

(a) Earnings per share may not add due to rounding.

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries
Supplemental Financial Information (Unaudited)
(In millions)

Selected Cash Flow Information

	First Half	
	2015	2014

Property and equipment acquired during the year

Capital expenditures^(a)

Largest 5 Markets	\$ 22.0	\$ 32.7
Global Markets	7.3	12.2
Payment Services	0.7	0.1
Corporate items	5.2	11.1
Capital expenditures	35.2	56.1

Capital Leases^(b)

Largest 5 Markets	6.2	0.2
Global Markets	—	—
Payment Services	—	1.2
Corporate items	—	—
Capital leases	6.2	1.4

Total

Largest 5 Markets	28.2	32.9
Global Markets	7.3	12.2
Payment Services	0.7	1.3
Corporate items	5.2	11.1
Total	\$ 41.4	\$ 57.5

Depreciation and amortization^(a)

Largest 5 Markets	\$ 48.5	\$ 54.8
Global Markets	14.0	16.5
Payment Services	1.6	1.8
Corporate items	9.1	9.7
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 73.2	\$ 82.8

(a) Capital expenditures as well as depreciation and amortization related to Venezuela have been excluded from Global Markets and included in Corporate.

(b) Represents the amount of property and equipment acquired using capital leases. Because these assets are acquired without using cash, the acquisitions are not reflected in the consolidated cash flow statement. Amounts are provided here to assist in the comparison of assets acquired in the current year versus prior years.

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries Segment Results: 2014 and 2015 (Unaudited) (In millions, except for percentages)

	Revenues							
	2014					2015		
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full Year	1Q	2Q	First Half
Revenues:								
U.S.	\$ 175.8	180.3	181.6	190.1	727.8	\$ 183.6	184.1	367.7
France	128.8	133.1	132.7	122.8	517.4	105.7	107.4	213.1
Mexico	100.2	98.1	95.1	94.8	388.2	85.7	85.1	170.8
Brazil	86.4	91.5	95.8	90.4	364.1	73.8	67.7	141.5

Canada	44.4	45.3	46.0	44.0	179.7	38.8	39.6	78.4
Largest 5 Markets	535.6	548.3	551.2	542.1	2,177.2	487.6	483.9	971.5
Latin America	90.6	93.1	95.4	101.5	380.6	90.8	91.2	182.0
EMEA	136.9	137.5	139.1	142.8	556.3	115.7	112.3	228.0
Asia	33.0	34.0	36.3	36.5	139.8	38.7	38.6	77.3
Global Markets	260.5	264.6	270.8	280.8	1,076.7	245.2	242.1	487.3
Payment Services	22.2	23.8	25.4	25.2	96.6	22.8	22.1	44.9
Revenue - non-GAAP	818.3	836.7	847.4	848.1	3,350.5	755.6	748.1	1,503.7
Other items not allocated to segments ^(a)	131.3	22.3	25.1	33.1	211.8	20.5	12.2	32.7
Revenues - GAAP	\$949.6	859.0	872.5	881.2	3,562.3	\$776.1	760.3	1,536.4

	Operating Profit								
	2014					2015			
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full Year	1Q	2Q	First Half	
Operating profit:									
U.S.	\$ 1.3	5.9	3.9	11.7	22.8	\$ 8.3	6.4	14.7	
France	6.6	4.9	16.7	11.2	39.4	4.1	6.7	10.8	
Mexico	3.7	(0.9)	(0.4)	7.2	9.6	7.9	4.5	12.4	
Brazil	9.7	5.4	4.8	14.3	34.2	6.1	2.1	8.2	
Canada	2.3	2.4	4.0	4.1	12.8	1.7	2.4	4.1	
Largest 5 Markets	23.6	17.7	29.0	48.5	118.8	28.1	22.1	50.2	
Latin America	10.1	11.4	10.7	18.2	50.4	16.5	19.2	35.7	
EMEA	9.2	12.0	15.5	15.8	52.5	8.2	9.1	17.3	
Asia	5.2	5.1	6.2	6.6	23.1	6.5	5.9	12.4	
Global Markets	24.5	28.5	32.4	40.6	126.0	31.2	34.2	65.4	
Payment Services	0.8	(1.3)	(2.4)	(2.0)	(4.9)	0.5	(3.7)	(3.2)	
Corporate items	(28.1)	(20.9)	(38.2)	(28.5)	(115.7)	(19.2)	(22.0)	(41.2)	
Operating profit - non-GAAP	20.8	24.0	20.8	58.6	124.2	40.6	30.6	71.2	
Other items not allocated to segments ^(a)	(94.5)	(15.3)	40.4	(82.3)	(151.7)	(27.7)	(45.2)	(72.9)	
Operating profit (loss) - GAAP	\$ (73.7)	8.7	61.2	(23.7)	(27.5)	\$ 12.9	(14.6)	(1.7)	

	Margin								
	2014					2015			
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full Year	1Q	2Q	First Half	
Margin:									
U.S.	0.7%	3.3	2.1	6.2	3.1	4.5%	3.5	4.0	
France	5.1	3.7	12.6	9.1	7.6	3.9	6.2	5.1	
Mexico	3.7	(0.9)	(0.4)	7.6	2.5	9.2	5.3	7.3	
Brazil	11.2	5.9	5.0	15.8	9.4	8.3	3.1	5.8	
Canada	5.2	5.3	8.7	9.3	7.1	4.4	6.1	5.2	
Largest 5 Markets	4.4	3.2	5.3	8.9	5.5	5.8	4.6	5.2	
Latin America	11.1	12.2	11.2	17.9	13.2	18.2	21.1	19.6	
EMEA	6.7	8.7	11.1	11.1	9.4	7.1	8.1	7.6	
Asia	15.8	15.0	17.1	18.1	16.5	16.8	15.3	16.0	
Global Markets	9.4	10.8	12.0	14.5	11.7	12.7	14.1	13.4	
Payment Services	3.6	(5.5)	(9.4)	(7.9)	(5.1)	2.2	(16.7)	(7.1)	
Corporate items	(3.4)	(2.5)	(4.5)	(3.4)	(3.5)	(2.5)	(2.9)	(2.7)	
Operating profit - non-GAAP	2.5	2.9	2.5	6.9	3.7	5.4	4.1	4.7	
Other items not allocated to segments ^(a)	(10.3)	(1.9)	4.6	(9.6)	(4.5)	(3.7)	(6.0)	(4.8)	

Operating profit (loss) -GAAP (7.8)% 1.0 7.0 (2.7) (0.8) 1.7% (1.9) (0.1)

(a) See pages 12 and 13 for more information.

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries
Other Items Not Allocated To Segments (Unaudited)
(In millions)

Brink's measures its segment results before income and expenses for corporate activities and for certain other items. A summary of the other items not allocated to segment results is below.

Other items not allocated to segments

	2014					2015		
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full Year	1Q	2Q	First Half
Revenues:								
Venezuela operations	\$ 131.3	22.3	25.1	33.1	211.8	\$ 20.5	12.2	32.7
Operating profit:								
FX devaluation in Venezuela	(123.3)	(9.8)	(4.8)	(4.8)	(142.7)	(20.6)	(6.0)	(26.6)
Venezuela operations	34.4	1.9	2.5	6.0	44.8	2.7	1.4	4.1
Venezuela impairment	—	—	—	—	—	—	(34.5)	(34.5)
2014 Reorganization and Restructuring	—	—	—	(21.8)	(21.8)	(1.5)	1.2	(0.3)
Mexican settlement losses	(0.8)	(0.9)	(2.3)	(1.9)	(5.9)	(1.3)	(1.1)	(2.4)
U.S. retirement plans	(6.0)	(3.6)	(3.7)	(59.8)	(73.1)	(7.0)	(6.5)	(13.5)
Acquisitions and dispositions	1.2	1.3	46.9	—	49.4	—	0.3	0.3
Share-based compensation adj.	—	(4.2)	1.8	—	(2.4)	—	—	—
Operating profit	<u>\$ (94.5)</u>	<u>(15.3)</u>	<u>40.4</u>	<u>(82.3)</u>	<u>(151.7)</u>	<u>\$ (27.7)</u>	<u>(45.2)</u>	<u>(72.9)</u>

FX devaluation in Venezuela The rate we use to remeasure operations in Venezuela declined significantly in February 2015 (from 52 to 170 bolivars to the U.S. dollar) and in March 2014 (from 6.3 to 50 bolivars to the U.S. dollar). These currency devaluations resulted in losses from the remeasurement of bolivar-denominated net monetary assets. Nonmonetary assets were not remeasured to a lower basis when the currency devalued. Instead, under highly inflationary accounting rules, these assets retained their higher historical bases and the excess is recognized in earnings as the asset is consumed, resulting in incremental expense until the excess basis is depleted. Expenses related to these Venezuelan devaluations have not been allocated to segment results.

Venezuela operations We have excluded from our segment results all of our Venezuela operating results, including foreign exchange devaluation discussed separately above, due to management's inability to allocate, generate or redeploy resources in-country or globally. In light of these unique circumstances, the Venezuela business is largely independent of the rest of our global operations. As a result, the CODM, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, assesses segment performance and makes resource decisions by segment excluding Venezuela operating results. Additionally, management believes excluding Venezuela from segment results makes it possible to more effectively evaluate the company's performance between periods.

Factors considered by management in excluding Venezuela results include:

- Continued inability to repatriate cash to redeploy to other operations or dividend to shareholders
- Highly inflationary environment
- Fixed exchange rate policy
- Continued currency devaluations and
- Our difficulty raising prices and controlling costs

Venezuela impairment In the second quarter of 2015, we recognized an impairment of the Venezuela property, plant and equipment. This charge was not allocated to segment results.

2014 Reorganization and Restructuring Brink's reorganized and restructured its business in December 2014, eliminating the management roles and structures in its former Latin America and EMEA regions and implementing a plan to reduce the cost structure of various country operations by eliminating approximately 1,700 positions across its global workforce. Severance costs of \$21.8 million associated with these actions were recognized in 2014. Additional charges related to severance and lease terminations of \$0.3 million were recognized in the first half of 2015. These amounts have not been allocated to segment results.

Mexican settlement losses Employee termination costs in Mexico are accounted for as retirement benefits under FASB ASC Topic 715,

Compensation — Retirement Benefits Settlement charges related to these termination benefits have not been allocated to segment results.

U.S. retirement plans Costs related to our frozen U.S. retirement plans have not been allocated to segment results. Brink's primary U.S. pension plan settled a portion of its obligation in the fourth quarter of 2014 under a lump sum buy-out offer. Approximately 4,300 terminated participants were paid about \$150 million of plan assets under this offer in lieu of receiving their pension benefit. A \$56 million settlement loss was recognized as a result of the settlement.

Acquisitions and dispositions Gains and losses related to acquisitions and dispositions that have not been allocated to segment results are described below:

- Brink's sold an equity investment in a CIT business in Peru and recognized a \$44.3 million gain in the third quarter of 2014. The gain on the sale and the equity earnings have not been allocated to segment results.
- A favorable adjustment to the 2010 business acquisition gain for Mexico (\$0.7 million in the third quarter of 2014) is not allocated to segment results.
- A favorable adjustment to the purchase price of a third quarter 2014 business acquisition in EMEA (\$0.3 million in the second quarter of 2015) is not allocated to segment results.

Share-based compensation adjustment Accounting adjustments related to share-based compensation have not been allocated to segment results (\$4.2 million expense in the second quarter of 2014 and a \$1.8 million benefit in the third quarter of 2014). The accounting adjustments revised the accounting for certain share-based awards from fixed to variable fair value accounting as noted in ASC Topic 718, *Stock Compensation*. As of July 11, 2014, all outstanding equity awards had met the conditions for a grant date as defined in ASC Topic 718 and have since been accounted for as fixed share-based compensation expense.

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries

Non-GAAP Results Reconciled to GAAP (Unaudited)

(In millions, except for percentages and per share amounts)

Non-GAAP results described in this press release are financial measures that are not required by or presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The purpose of the Non-GAAP results is to report financial information excluding income and expenses that have not been allocated to segments (except for *Corporate expenses* which include salaries and other costs to manage the global business and to perform activities required by public companies). Non-GAAP results also adjust the quarterly Non-GAAP tax rates so that the Non-GAAP tax rate in each of the quarters is equal to the full-year Non-GAAP tax rate. The full-year Non-GAAP tax rate in both years excludes certain pretax and tax income and expense amounts. Amounts reported for prior periods have been updated in this report to present information consistently for all periods presented.

Our Non-GAAP results now exclude Venezuela operations due to our inability to repatriate cash, the inflationary economy, fixed exchange rate policy, continued currency devaluations, and our difficulty raising prices and controlling costs. Management believes excluding Venezuela operating results enables investors to more effectively evaluate the Company's performance between periods.

The annual consolidated Non-GAAP outlook amounts for 2015 on page 8 are not reconciled to GAAP because we are unable to quantify certain amounts that would be required to be included in the GAAP measures without unreasonable effort.

The Non-GAAP information provides information to assist comparability and estimates of future performance. Brink's believes these measures are helpful in assessing operations and estimating future results and enable period-to-period comparability of financial performance. In addition, Brink's believes the measures will help investors assess the ongoing operations. Non-GAAP results should not be considered as an alternative to revenue, income or earnings per share amounts determined in accordance with GAAP and should be read in conjunction with their GAAP counterparts.

	2014					2015		
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full Year	1Q	2Q	First Half
Revenues:								
Non-GAAP	\$ 818.3	836.7	847.4	848.1	3,350.5	\$ 755.6	748.1	1,503.7
Other items not allocated to segments ^(a)	131.3	22.3	25.1	33.1	211.8	20.5	12.2	32.7
GAAP	\$ 949.6	859.0	872.5	881.2	3,562.3	\$ 776.1	760.3	1,536.4
Operating profit (loss):								
Non-GAAP	\$ 20.8	24.0	20.8	58.6	124.2	\$ 40.6	30.6	71.2
Other items not allocated to segments ^(a)	(94.5)	(15.3)	40.4	(82.3)	(151.7)	(27.7)	(45.2)	(72.9)
GAAP	\$ (73.7)	8.7	61.2	(23.7)	(27.5)	\$ 12.9	(14.6)	(1.7)
Taxes:								
Non-GAAP	\$ 6.9	8.5	6.7	24.8	46.9	\$ 15.2	11.0	26.2
Other items not allocated to segments ^(a)	(3.3)	(1.3)	21.5	(27.1)	(10.2)	(3.9)	—	(3.9)

Income tax rate adjustment ^(b)	5.1	(3.1)	(1.4)	(0.6)	—	4.2	(3.4)	0.8
GAAP	<u>\$ 8.7</u>	<u>4.1</u>	<u>26.8</u>	<u>(2.9)</u>	<u>36.7</u>	<u>\$ 15.5</u>	<u>7.6</u>	<u>23.1</u>
Noncontrolling interests:								
Non-GAAP	\$ 0.8	2.1	2.2	1.3	6.4	\$ 0.8	1.8	2.6
Other items not allocated to segments ^(a)	(31.3)	(3.7)	(1.6)	(0.7)	(37.3)	(6.2)	(16.5)	(22.7)
Income tax rate adjustment ^(b)	1.3	—	(1.2)	(0.1)	—	(1.1)	1.2	0.1
GAAP	<u>\$ (29.2)</u>	<u>(1.6)</u>	<u>(0.6)</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>(30.9)</u>	<u>\$ (6.5)</u>	<u>(13.5)</u>	<u>(20.0)</u>
Non-GAAP margin	<u>2.5%</u>	<u>2.9%</u>	<u>2.5%</u>	<u>6.9%</u>	<u>3.7%</u>	<u>5.4%</u>	<u>4.1%</u>	<u>4.7%</u>

(a) See “Other Items Not Allocated To Segments” on pages 12-13 for pretax amounts and details. Other Items Not Allocated To Segments for noncontrolling interests, income from continuing operations attributable to Brink's and EPS are the effects of the same items at their respective line items of the consolidated statements of income (loss).

(b) Non-GAAP income from continuing operations and non-GAAP EPS have been adjusted to reflect an effective income tax rate in each interim period equal to the full-year non-GAAP effective income tax rate. The estimated full-year non-GAAP effective tax rate is 42.0% for 2015 and was 45.7% for 2014.

The Brink's Company and subsidiaries
Non-GAAP Results Reconciled to GAAP (Unaudited) - continued
(In millions, except for percentages and per share amounts)

	2014				Full Year	2015		First Half
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q		1Q	2Q	
Income from continuing operations attributable to Brink's:								
Non-GAAP	\$ 7.3	8.1	5.7	28.3	49.4	\$ 20.1	13.5	33.6
Other items not allocated to segments ^(a)	(59.9)	(10.3)	20.5	(54.5)	(104.2)	(17.6)	(28.7)	(46.3)
Income tax rate adjustment ^(b)	(6.4)	3.1	2.6	0.7	—	(3.1)	2.2	(0.9)
GAAP	<u>\$ (59.0)</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>28.8</u>	<u>(25.5)</u>	<u>(54.8)</u>	<u>\$ (0.6)</u>	<u>(13.0)</u>	<u>(13.6)</u>
EPS:								
Non-GAAP	\$ 0.15	0.16	0.12	0.58	1.01	\$ 0.41	0.27	0.68
Other items not allocated to segments ^(a)	(1.23)	(0.21)	0.41	(1.12)	(2.12)	(0.36)	(0.58)	(0.93)
Income tax rate adjustment ^(b)	(0.13)	0.06	0.05	0.01	—	(0.06)	0.04	(0.02)
GAAP	<u>\$ (1.21)</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>0.58</u>	<u>(0.52)</u>	<u>(1.12)</u>	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>(0.26)</u>	<u>(0.28)</u>

Amounts may not add due to rounding.

See page 14 for footnote explanations.

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